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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/042,799	01/09/2002	Frank Leymann	DE920000043US1 (7161-183U	5078
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CAREY, RODRIGUEZ, GREENBERG & PAUL, LLP STEVEN M. GREENBERG			GOLD, AVI M	
950 PENINSULA CORPORATE CIRCLE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 3020			2157	
BOCA RATON, FL 33487			DATE MAILED: 11/16/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/042,799	LEYMANN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Avi Gold	2157
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 A 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		•
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of: 1. ⊠ Certified copies of the priority document 2. □ Certified copies of the priority document 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to the appeal filed on August 14, 2006. Claims 1-14 are pending.

Response to Amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Holmberg, U.S. Patent No. 6,247,141, in view of Rizvi et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,490,610, further in view of Helmer et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,411,991.

Holmberg teaches the invention substantially as claimed including fault tolerant server systems including redundant servers (see abstract).

As to claims 1, 7, and 11, Holmberg teaches a method of operating a computer system, wherein said computer system comprises at least one application client (15), at least two application servers (20, 21) which are suitable to process requests of the application clients (15), and a database (26) which may be accessible by the two application servers (20, 21), and wherein said method comprises the steps of recognizing that the first one of the two application servers (20, 21) fail, sending a

server).

request of the application client (15) for the first application server (21) to the second application server (20) while the first one of the two application servers (20, 21) fails to access the database, processing the request by the second application server (20), and sending a response to the request from the second application server (20) to the first application server (21). (col. 3, lines 5-22, Holmberg discloses a primary server and a backup server, client applications with requests, and a backup server running if there is a problem with the primary server without the user knowing about the use of the backup

Holmberg fails to teach the limitation further including the failure to access a database and sending a request of the application client (15) for the first application server (21) from the first application server (21) to the second application server (20).

However, Rizvi teaches a method and apparatus for implementing an automatic failover mechanism for clients accessing a resource through a server (see abstract).

Rizvi teaches the use of an automatic failover system (col. 3, line 33 – col. 4, line 20).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Holmberg in view of Rizvi to use another server based on a failure to access a database. One would be motivated to do so because it would eliminate the burden of manually re-logging onto the database system whenever a database session failure occurs (col. 3, lines 37-39).

Holmberg and Rizvi fail to teach the limitation further including sending a request of the application client (15) for the first application server (21) from the first application server (21) to the second application server (20).

However, Helmer teaches a geographic data replication system and method for a network (see abstract). Helmer teaches the use of a failed server routing requests to a remote server for processing (col. 2, lines 2-15, 46-59).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Holmberg and Rizvi in view of Helmer to send a request of the application client (15) for the first application server (21) from the first application server (21) to the second application server (20). One would be motivated to do so because it would be a faster and more efficient backup for the server to forward the data to the backup server.

Regarding claims 2 and 12, Holmberg teaches the method of claims 1 and 11 comprising the further step of sending the response from the second application server (20) to an input queue (24) of the first application server (21) (col. 6, lines 10-18, 29-40, Holmberg discloses a queue with the backup and primary servers).

Regarding claims 3 and 13. Holmberg teaches the method of claims 2 and 12. comprising the further step of putting, by the first application server (21), the response from the input queue (24) to an output queue (27) of the first application server (21) (col. 6, lines 10-18, 29-40).

Regarding claims 4 and 14, Holmberg teaches the method of claims 1 and 11 comprising the further step of sending the response from the second application server

(20) to an output queue (27) of the first application server (21) (col. 6, lines 10-18, 29-40).

Regarding claim 5, Holmberg teaches the method of one of claims 3 or 4 comprising the further step of sending the response from the output queue (27) to the application client (15) (col. 3, lines 5-22, col. 6, lines 10-18, 29-40, Holmberg discloses a reply message sent to the client).

Regarding claim 6, Holmberg teaches the computer program or computer program product which is suitable to perform the method of one of claims 1 to 4 when it is loaded into a computer system (col. 1, lines 30-42, Holmberg discloses use of computer hardware).

Regarding claim 8, Holmberg teaches the computer system of claim 7 further comprising an input queue (24) corresponding to the first application server (21) (col. 6, lines 6, lines 28-40, Holmberg discloses a queue of requests in a primary server).

Regarding claim 9, Holmberg teaches the computer system of claim 7 or 8 further comprising an output queue (27) corresponding to the first application server (21) (col. 6, lines 10-18, 29-40).

Regarding claim 10, Holmberg teaches the computer system of one of claims 7 to 8 wherein the at least two application servers (20, 21) process request forms a number of application clients (14, 15, 16) (col. 3, lines 5-22).

Response to Arguments

3. In view of the appeal brief filed on August 14, 2006, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new ground of rejection is set forth above.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
 - (2) request reinstatement of the appeal.

If reinstatement of the appeal is requested, such request must be accompanied by a supplemental appeal brief, but no new amendments, affidavits (37 CFR 1.130, 1.131 or 1.132) or other evidence are permitted. See 37 CFR 1.193(b)(2).

Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,711,606 to Leymann et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,625,141 to Glitho et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,148,307 to Burdick et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,978,577 to Rierden et al.

U.S. Pat. No. 6,801,927 to Smith et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Avi Gold whose telephone number is 571-272-4002. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:30 (1st Friday Off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 571-272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Avi Gold

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2157

AMG